

Everyone Wants a Piece of the "Magnificent African Cake"

The Berlin Conference

- 1.Britain
- 2.France
- 3.Germany
- 4.Belgium
- And others...
- Let's do things the "civilized" way.
- Let's have a conference!

Colonization in Steps

1st: Europeans weren't able to colonize Africa

2nd: Europeans engaged in the slave trade, leads to weakening of African strengths.

3rd: The Industrial Revolution - demand for raw materials, & motivation for colonization

4th: Social Darwinism (survival of the fittest) gave Europeans further desire to colonize

5th: Mindset behind White Man's Burden allowed Europeans to justify (wrongly) their actions through claims that they were helping African nations in the process

The Scramble for Africa

- In the 1870s the Belgian's began to trade with Africans in the Congo.
- Fearing they would miss out on various raw materials, the other European nations scrambled to establish their presence on the continent.



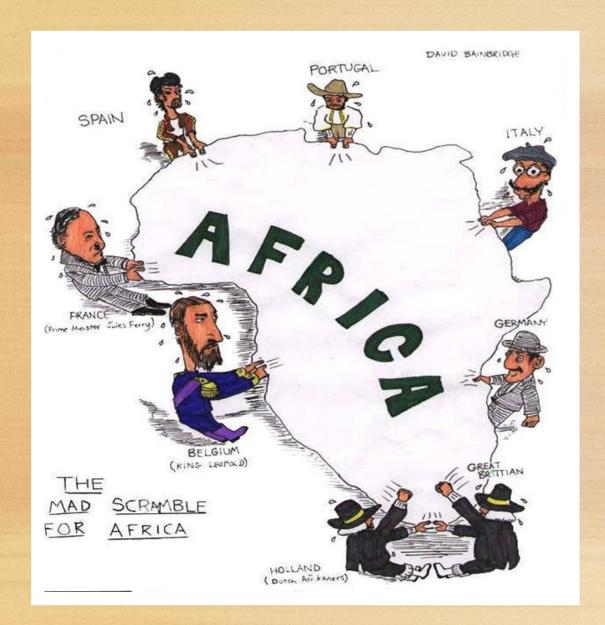


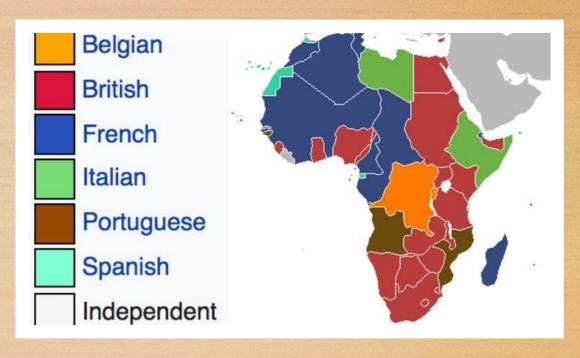
The Berlin Conference

- In 1884, to avoid <u>conflict</u> amongst themselves, European leaders met at the Berlin Conference to set up rules for <u>colonizing</u> Africa. No <u>Africans</u> were invited.
- The European powers agreed that before they could claim territory, they would have to set up an <u>outpost</u>. Whoever was the <u>first</u> to build the outpost gained that area of land.

The Berlin Conference

- The Industrial Revolution left European countries in need of raw materials
 - The continent of Africa had a diverse and abundant supply of raw materials
 - Europeans countries began to colonize Africa to gain said materials/wealth
- The European countries made borders/boundaries based on which European country was in control of that territory and they had nothing to do with the cultural/ethnic groups of Africa
 - These borders often split groups up and even forced rival groups to share colonial
 - Sadly, these borders are still in place today





Forms of Imperialism

Colony: internal rule by a foreign power

Protectorate: internal government, outside control

Sphere of Influence: outside claim to investment or trade privileges Economic
Imperialism: control
by private business
interest rather than
foreign government

Management Methods

Indirect Control

- Locals used for government
- Limited self-rule
- Goal (in theory) to develop eventual self-government
- Based on European styles but with some local rules
 - Ex. Algeria

Direct Control

- Foreign government officials
- No self-rule (seen as incapable)
- Goal (in theory) to assimilate
- Based on European styles
 - Ex. Nigeria